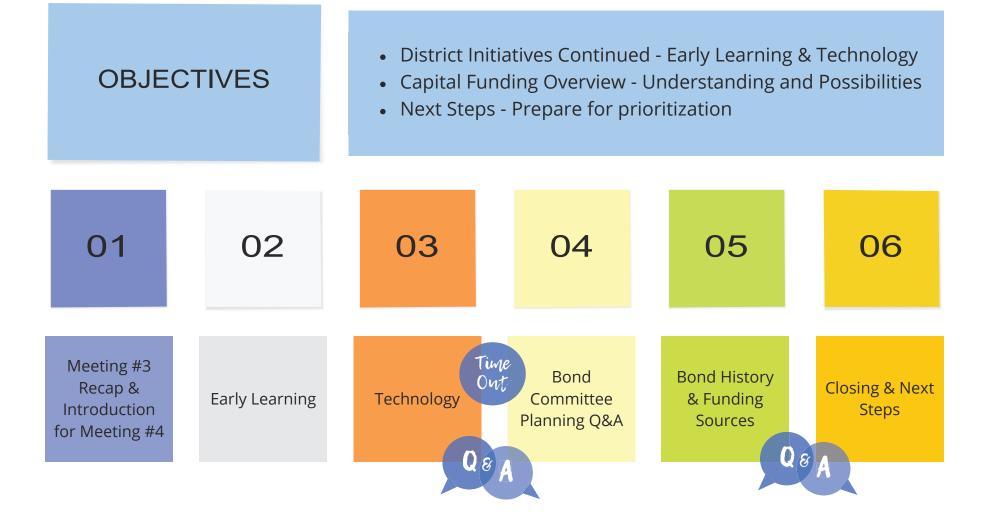


CBPTF Meeting 04



Northshore School District

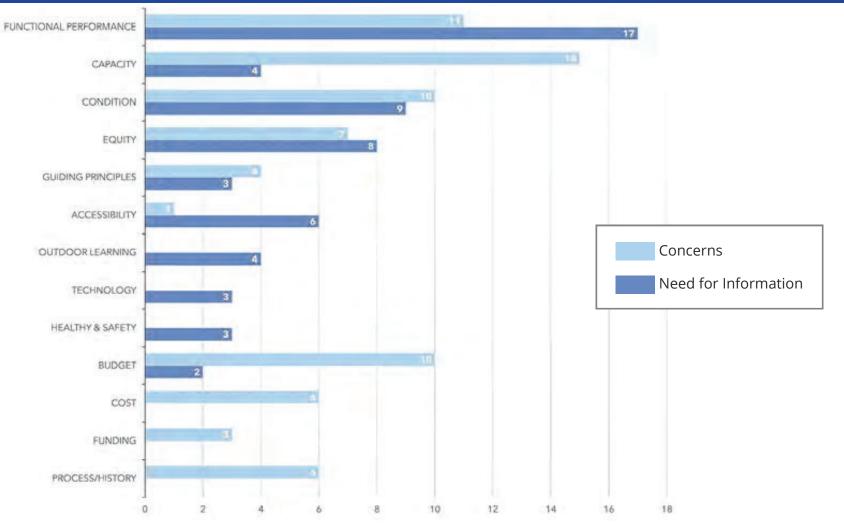
20 Please do not alter any notes that are not your own in Miro. This is a process. Please do not share information prematurely or on social media. Maintain confidentiality for any students, teachers, or staff mentioned in discussion. 1 1 10 20 30 40 50 70 0 60

Group "Norms"

DO WHAT'S BEST FOR KIDS! TREAT EACH OTHER WITH RESPECT. BE OPEN TO IDEAS. CREATE SPACE FOR VOICES. FOSTER POSITIVE CHANGE. AVOID HIDDEN AGENDAS. LISTEN TO LEARN. COME PREPARED. ASSUME POSITITVE INTENT. TRUST EACH OTHER. VALUE THE OPINIONS OF OTHERS. ASK IF YOU DON'T UNDERSTAND. USE KIND LANGUAGE. NO ONE PERSON HAS ALL THE ANSWERS. HAVE COMPASSION.



Breakout: Info Needs & Concerns



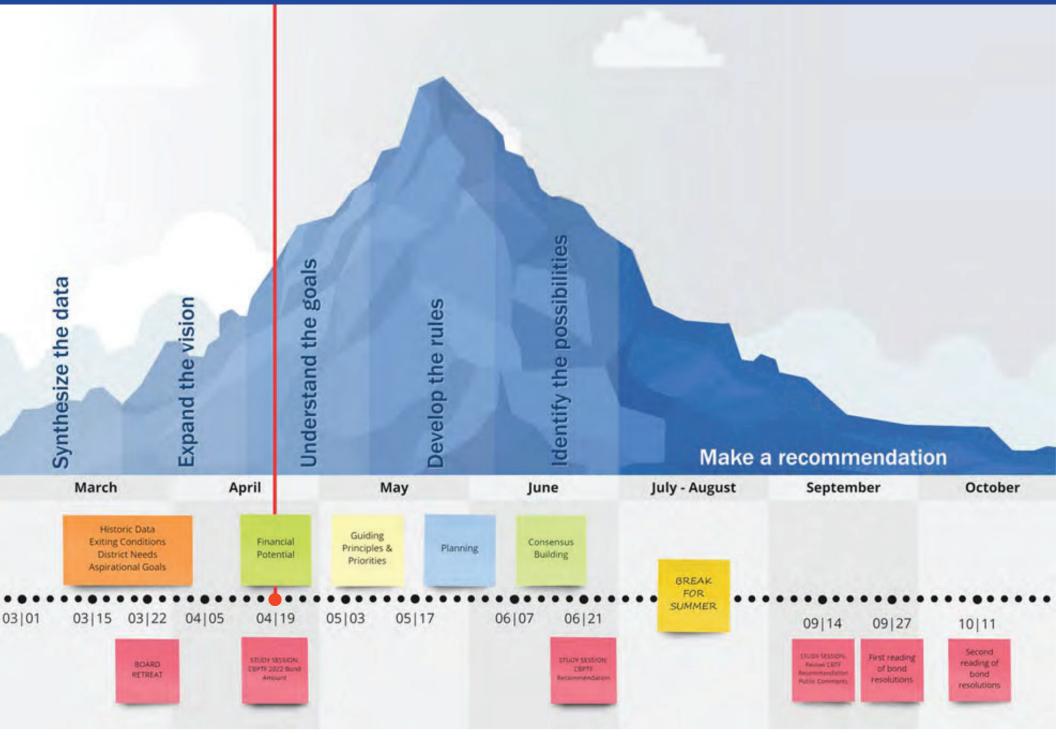
Breakout: Info Needs & Concerns



Northshore School District



Path Forward





Northshore School District

District Goals & Measures





Imagine the Possibilities! California data da Managar amil

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Equitable Access to Personalized and Culturally Responsive Teaching & Learning	Safe Climite and Strong Relationships with Families and Community	Results Focused Professional Learning and Supports for Staff	Data-Informed, Needs-Based Resource Allocation	
TEACHING & LEARNING & man entered locations of upd at two powers. We will be brack to the two-balance processory advances to default the second second appetrometers. And, because there upd entered and and, because the update and the second balance and at the second second second metal time second metal metal time second met	Receive SCHOOLS CAN DO IT ADDRE, we will service all furthers aggreen will service the formers and service that and interprivate the noninexpec- ent and comparison to the noninexpe- ent and comparison to the service service of the noninexpe- site and the noninexpec- tion of the service of the optimum and the service the service of the optimum and the service of the	Ty INVESTING IN POPEL are not your third following to many floated to 2010 mp or the game public 2010 mp or the game public the first orthogon bactors of a data May and a man bactor of a data May and a man bactor of a data May and component of the same public the same of the same public the same of the same public the same of the same of the same public the same public the same of the same public the same public the same of the same public the same public the same of the same public the same of the same public the same of the same public the same of the same public the same public the same of the same public the same of the same public the same public the same of the same public the same of the same public the same public the same of the same public the same of the same public the same public the same of the same public the same of the same public the same public the same of the same public the same of the same public the same of the same of the same public the same of the same public the same of the same of the same public the same of the same of the same public the same of the same public the same of	A large as MANAGONG IS THEO 28 emproys from 19 of and ethod system are ju- dentified and the system are ju- tion of the system and the system is a sequential as even and the system is a service. We will be required to a set of the system and the system is a service. We will be required to a set of the system and the system is a set of the system and the method of the standard and the standard and the standard and the method of the standard and the standard and the standard and the standa	

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Earn Learning

2 Shi

Doreen Milburn Director of Early Childhood



Goal 1: Each student will develop intellectual curiosity, persistence, social-emotional awareness, and academic skills to be positioned for success by the end of grade 3.

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What do we know about Early Learning?

Early Childhood Education

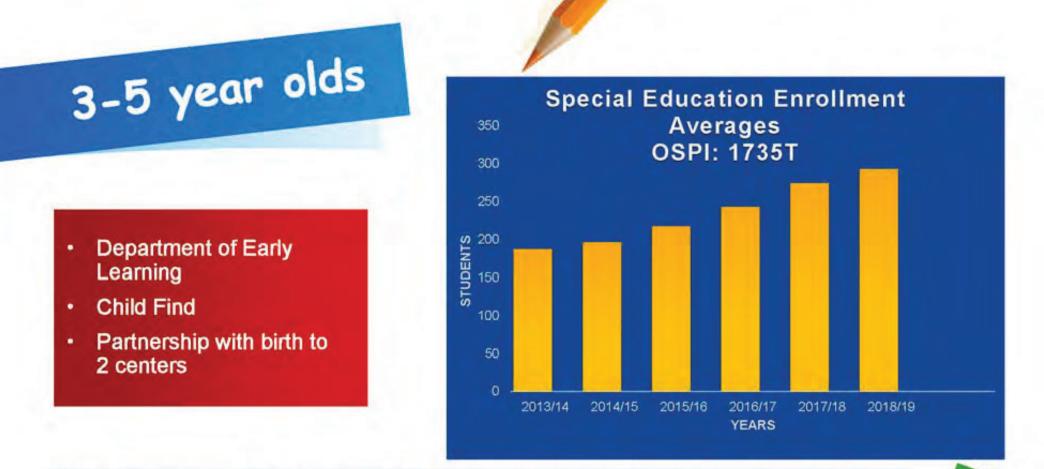
Benefits

- Lays the foundation for a lifetime of learning
- Helps prepare children to reach the appropriate academic level by third grade
- Higher lifetime earnings, owning a home, longer marriages
- Decreased risk of grade retention and special education
- Each dollar invested is returned four to nine times over

Early childhood education develops minds at the most formative stage of life

Diffuses disparities

- Language skills as early as age 1 and 2 are predictive of a child's pre-literacy skills at age 5
- By age 3 children from economically disadvantaged families speak 30 million fewer words than those from more affluent families
- Early childhood education helps to even the playing field and ensure all children have the chance to build the skills they need to succeed in school and in life.



2021 Federal Poverty Guideline

-	Federal Poverty Level [FPL]									
		≤ 50% 51-99%		100%	101-110%	111-130%	131-200%	201-300%		
	1	6,440	6,441 to 12,751	12,752 to 12,880	12,881 to 14,168	14,169 to 16,744	16,745 to 25,760	25,761 to 38,640		
	2	8,710	8,711 to 17,246	17,247 to 17,420	17,421 10 19,152	19,163 10 22,646	22,647 to 34,840	34,841 10 52,260		
1.5	3	10,980	10,981 to 21,740	21,741 to 21,960	21,961 to 24,156	24,157 10 28,548	28,549 10 43,920	43,921 10 65,880		
	4	13,250	13,251 to 26,235	26,235 to 26,500	26,501 to 29,150	29,151 10 34,450	34,451 10 53,000	53,001 10 79,500		
Ę	5	15,520	15,521 to 30,730	30,731 to 31,040	31,041 10 34,144	34,145 to 40,352	40,353 to 62,080	62,081 10 93,120		
	6	17,790	17,791 to 35,224	35,225 10 35,580	35,581 10 39,138	39,139 to 46,254	46,255 10 71,160	71,161 10 106,740		
	7	20,060	20,061 to 39,71.9	39,720 to 40,120	40,121 10 44,132	44,133 to 52,156	52,157 to 80,240	80,241 to 120,360		
	8	22,330	22,331 to 44,213	44,214 10 44,660	44,661 10 49,126	49,127 to 58,058	58,059 to 89,320	89,321 10 133,980		
in a	9	24,600	24,601 to 48,708	48,709 to 49,200	49,201 to 54,120	54,121 to 63,960	63,961 to 98,400	98,401 to 147,600		
	10	26,870	26,871 to 53,203	53,204 to 53,740	53,741 to 59,114	59,115 to 69,862	69,863 to 107,480	107,481 to 161,220		
	11	29,140	29,141 to 57,697	57,698 to 58,280	58,281 to 64,108	64,109 to 75,764	75,765 to 116,560	116,561 to 174,840		
11.3	12	31,410	31,411 to 62,192	62,193 to 62,820	62,821 to 69,102	69,103 to 81,666	81,667 to 125,640	125,641 10 188,460		
	13	33,680	33,681 to 66,686	66,687 to 67,360	67,361 to 74,096	74,097 to 87,568	87,569 to 134,720	134,721 to 202,080		
	14	35,950	35,951 to 71,181	71,182 10 71,900	71,901 to 79,090	79,091 to 93,470	93,471 10 143,800	143,801 10 215,700		
	15	38,220	38,221 to 75,676	75,677 10 76,440	76,441 to 84,084	84,085 to 99,372	99,373 to 152,880	152,881 10 229,320		

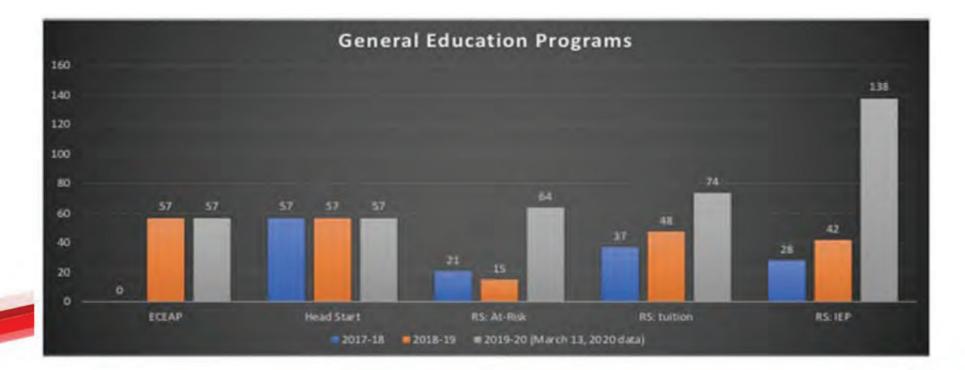
Total Annual Income From All Sources

Head Start/ECEAP Estimated Eligible Children within NSD Boundaries

	Estimated Eligible Children	Ready Start	Head Start	ECEAP	% Children Served	Unserved Eligible Children
2016/2017	250	24	0	0	9%	226
2017/2018	250	24	57	0	32%	169
2018/2019	250	24	57	57	55%	114
2019/2020	250	64	57	57	71%	72

(Saturation Study Data 2017)

Increased Access to General Education Learning Environments Northshore Early Childhood





Technology Infrastructure Funding

Historical Technology Bond Funding

- 1994/1996 \$10.3 M Wide Area Network, Digital Phone System Phase 1
 - Dial-up access to WSIPC, 1.5 Mbps/0.5 Mbps WAN, 6,000 Computers, AppleTalk
- 1998 \$8.4 M Building Wiring to Cat 5, Digital Phones Phase 2
 - 1.5 Mbps Internet (T1), 3.0 Mbps/0.5 Mbps WAN, 9,000 computers, local servers
- 2002 \$8.5 M Fiber Optic WAN, Building Wiring, Routers, Wireless
 - 100 Mbps Internet (2005), 1 Gpbs/I-Net WAN, Central servers, Aruba wireless
- 2006 \$6.0 M WAN Phase 2, Instructional Presentation Systems
 - 100 Mbps Internet, 1 Gbps/I-Net WAN, Central file server, Aruba wireless to classrooms

2010 \$10 M WAN Phase 3, Classroom Audio, VolP Phones, Routers

2 Gbps Internet (2 ISPs), 10 Gpbs/1 Gbps WAN, Virtual servers, Shoretel VoIP phone system, Google (2012)

2014 \$6.5 M School Network Modernization, NCHS WAN, Storage, BYOD

22 Gbps Internet, 20/10/1 Gbps WAN, more virtual, double wireless, 11,000 iPads and Chromebooks deployed

2018 \$8.1 M School Networks, Routers, Switches, Wireless, 10G WAN

22 Gbps Internet, 40/10 Gbps WAN, all virtual, 1:1 Student devices (over 20,000 devices total), Microsoft O365

2022-26 Technology Bond Projects

MAINTENANCE

The current Technology infrastructure requires regular replacement of equipment just to keep the level of performance and capabilities we currently have.

CONSTRUCTION

Most schools are still depending on network cable installed in the early 1990s.

CLASSROOM TECHNOLOGY

Systems that are ten years old or older need to be modernized.

NEW PROJECTS

These are projects that will enhance our existing services or bring in new technologies. Wireless Modernization - 1,600 APs will age out by 2026 in 27 schools

Switch Modernization - 200 switches to replace those aging out and provide more power

MAINTENANCE

Firewalls and Internet Equipment - 10-year-old equipment will need to be replaced

Phone System Replacement - 12-year-old system will move to cloud/hybrid model

WAN Fiber Pathways - Major pathways need to be replaced due to State construction.

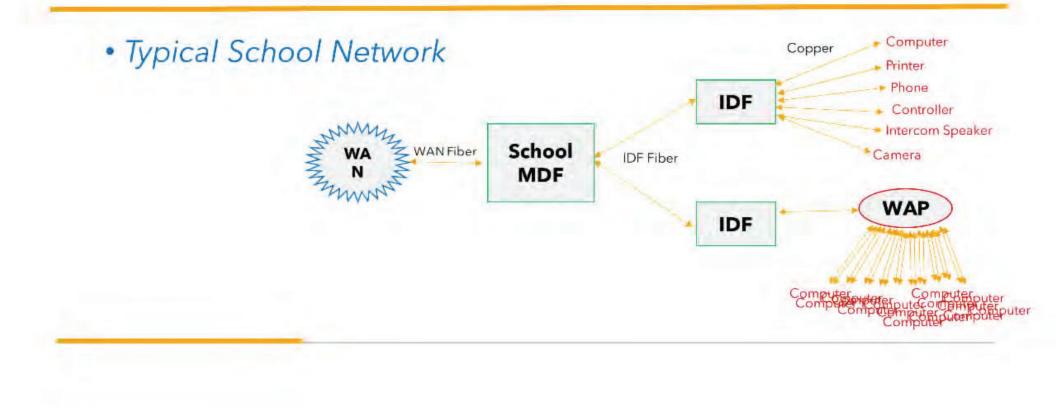
Elementary School Wiring Modernizations

Faster fiber optic interconnects, faster wiring to wireless access points

Middle School Wiring Modernizations

Faster wiring to wireless access points

CONSTRUCTION



CLASSROOM TECHNOLOGY

Audio Enhancement Modernization

Replace 10-year-old equipment with enhanced systems

Outdoor Wireless Network Coverage

Coverage for open spaces between buildings on school campuses

NEW PROJECTS

Cellular Enhancement in Buildings

Improve cellular reception in buildings.

NOTE: NOT allowed to enhance cellular outside of buildings due to FCC restrictions!







BOND AND LEVY OVERVIEW APRIL 19, 2021

SERVING CHILDREN, SCHOOLS AND THEIR COMMUNITIES



DISCUSSION TOPICS

- Capital Funding Sources
- Election History and Timing
- Bond Planning
- Example Tax Rate Analysis
- Operating Levy Planning



CAPITAL FUNDING SOURCES

- State Assistance:
 - Study and Survey Grant
 - State School Construction Assistance Program (SCAP)
 - Various other state grant programs
 - http://www.k12.wa.us/SchFacilities/
- Bonds:
 - The primary method used by Washington school districts to finance the local share of capital projects
 - Cash is generated up front
 - Payments can be spread over time
 - Taxpayer equity period of benefit matches payment responsibility
 - Districts have some control over taxpayer impacts



CAPITAL FUNDING SOURCES

- Voter-approved bonds:
 - Unlimited Tax General Obligation (UTGO) Bonds
 - Repaid with property taxes
 - Approved with a 60% yes vote, 40% validation
 - Voted debt capacity is 5% of assessed value
 - 40-year maximum term
 - May only be submitted to voters twice in a calendar year
- Non-voted bonds:
 - Limited General Obligation (LGO) Bonds
 - Repaid with existing revenue sources
 - May not be used for "new" construction
 - Non-voted debt capacity is 3/8 of 1% of assessed value
 - Recent legislative action to increase public notice prior to selling non-voted debt

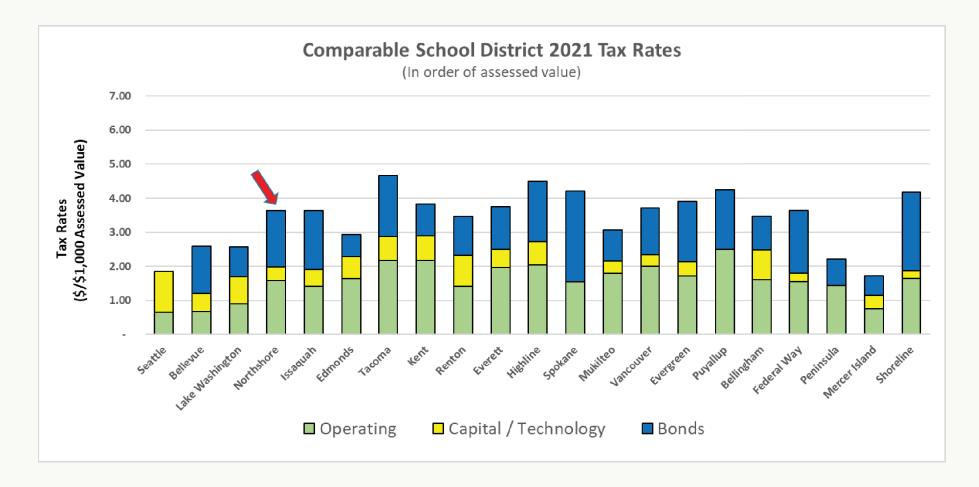


CAPITAL FUNDING SOURCES

- Capital projects levy / (Technology Levy)
 - Pay costs to construct, modernize or remodel school facilities (includes technology improvements)
 - One-to six-year collection
 - No interest cost
 - <u>50% voter approval requirement</u>
 - Potential life cycle mismatch for longer-lived assets
 - Additional capital projects levy may be authorized for the same period (capital / technology)
 - Cannot be used to pay interest on non-voted debt
 - May be resubmitted to voters only once in the same 12-month period



COMPARABLE TAX RATES





7

NORTHSHORE ELECTION HISTORY

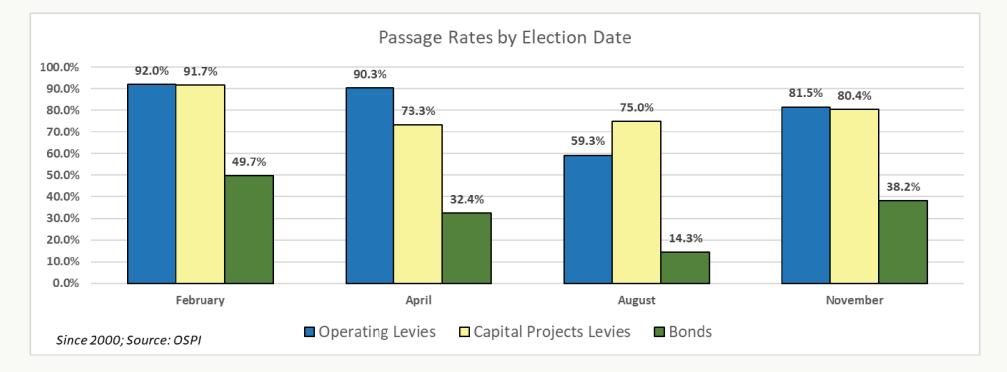
• The District has benefitted from strong community support for operating, technology, and bond measures every four years

	Histo	orical EP&O Levy El	ections	5			His	torical Bond Elect	ions		
<u>Date</u> February 2018	<u>% Yes</u> 61.89%	<u>Approval</u> Yes	<u>To</u> \$	<u>tal Amount</u> 60,000,000	Collection Year 2022	<u>Date</u> February 2018	<u>% Yes</u> 60.78%	<u>Approval</u> Yes	<u> </u> \$	<u>Par Amount</u> 275,000,000	
			Ŧ	59,000,000	2021	February 2014	64.72%	Yes	Ś	177,500,000	
				58,000,000	2020	February 2010	62.19%	Yes	\$	149,200,000	
				57,000,000	2019	February 2006	64.75%	Yes	\$	123,000,000	
February 2014	69.32%	Yes	Ś	51,500,000	2018		Histo	rical Tech Levy Ele	ction	s	
				50,500,000	2017	Date	% Yes	Approval		otal Amount	Collection Year
				49,500,000	2016	February 2018	61.76%	Yes	\$	15,500,000	2022
				48,500,000	2015					15,500,000	2021
										15,500,000	2020
** August 2010	53.16%	Yes	\$	2,600,000	2014					15,500,000	2019
				2,600,000	2013						
				2,300,000	2012	February 2014	68.28%	Yes	\$	8,000,000	2018
				4,500,000	2011					8,000,000	2017
										8,000,000	2016
February 2010	67.16%	Yes	\$	44,500,000	2014					8,000,000	2015
				43,000,000	2013						
				41,500,000	2012	February 2010	65.92%	Yes	\$	6,000,000	2014
				40,000,000	2011					6,000,000	2013
										6,000,000	2012
February 2006	70.71%	Yes	\$	37,000,000	2010					6,000,000	2011
				36,000,000	2009						
				35,000,000	2008	February 2006	69.83%	Yes	\$	4,500,000	2010
				34,000,000	2007					4,500,000	2009
										4,500,000	2008
** Supplemental Ma	intenance and O	peration Levy								4,500,000	2007
											\frown



ELECTION TIMING

- The majority of school districts utilize the February Ballot for elections
- April Elections for operating levies are often following a levy failure in February





BOND PLANNING



2022 Special Election and Resolution Filing Dates

Election Date	Resolution Filing Date
February 8, 2022	December 10, 2021
April 26, 2022	February 25, 2022
August 2, 2022 – Primary Election	May 13, 2022
November 8, 2022 – Mid-Term	August 2, 22



BOND PLANNING



KEEPING THE BALL ROLLING reating and maintaining successful facilities

Bond Election Planning	February 2022 Election
February - July:	Facility Committee evaluates facilities needs and engages in community research to develop project priorities.
July - August:	Facility Committee finalizes scope of projects, determines local share cost (i.e., maximum principal amount of bonds) and projected financing plan for bond sales and tax levy rates.
August - September:	Upon recommendation of Facilities Committee, the Board finalizes the scope of the project, local share and financing plan, and directs preparation of bond election resolution by bond counsel
October - November:	Board considers and adopts bond election resolution. Board reviews bond explanatory statement for inclusion in local voters' pamphlet. Board appoints pro/con committee members after adoption of bond election resolution.
December 10, 2021:	Bond election resolution filing deadline with the County Auditor. Bond explanatory statement and pro/con appointments to be filed with the Auditor by this same date.
December 10:	Within one (1) day of receipt, District administration and bond counsel review draft ballot (and notice of special election) as prepared by Auditor. Challenge allowed within 10 days of receipt.
January 21, 2022:	Ballots mailed to voters.
February 8, 2022:	ELECTION.
February 18, 2022:	Election results certified.



FUNDING OPTIONS

Options Considered

- 1. \$250 million new bond authorization; \$2.50/\$1,000 operating levy; level technology rate
- 2. \$300 million new bond authorization; \$2.50/\$1,000 operating levy; level technology rate



ASSESSED VALUE AND TAX RATES

Tax Rates = \$ levied by District / (Assessed Value of District / 1,000)

Tax Amount per Property = Assessed Value / \$1,000 X Tax Rate

Example

- \$500,000 Property
- \$1.00 Tax Rate
- Tax amount = \$500 x 1.00 = \$500 per year



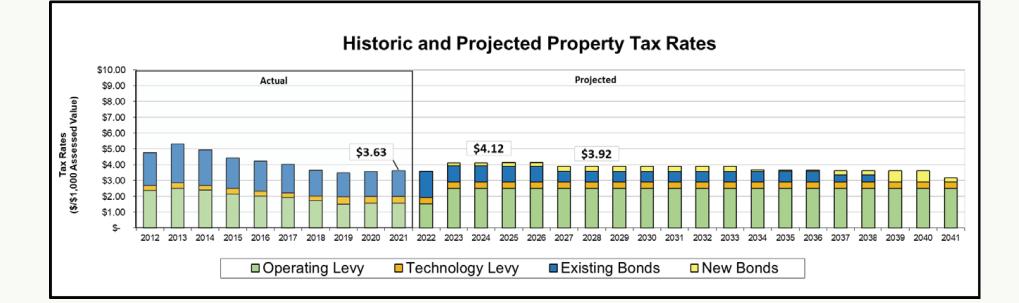
TAX RATE ANALYSIS

Key Inputs

- Election date: February 2022
- Bond authorization:
 - \$250 million
 - \$300 million
- Operating levy is renewed for <u>four</u> years :
 - \$2.50 tax rate
- Current technology levy is renewed at the same tax rate for <u>four</u> additional years
- Assessed value growth:
 - 2022 and later: 4.00%

- Bonds are sold in two series in 2022 and 2023
- Interest rates:
 - 2022 Issue: Current rates +.75%
 - 2023 Issue: Current rates +1.00%
- Maximum bond term:
 - 21 years

- \$250 million bond authorization
- \$2.50/\$1,000 operating levy
- \$.41/\$1,000 technology levy



- \$250 million bond authorization
- \$2.50/\$1,000 operating levy
- \$.41/\$1,000 technology levy

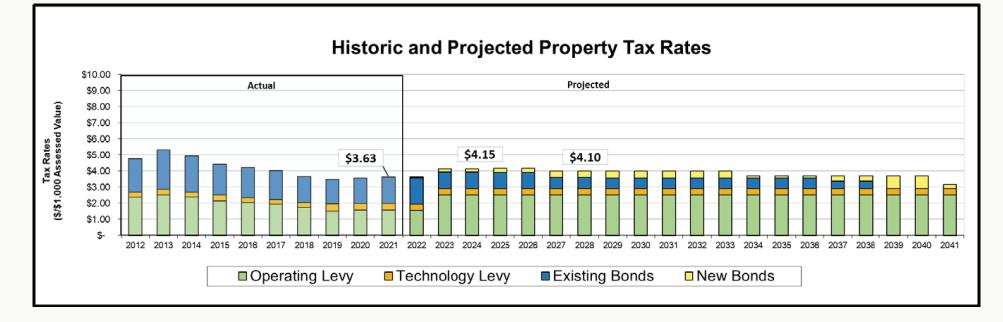
Tax Rates							
	Existing	New	Total	Technology	Operating	Total	
Year	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds Levy		Levy	Tax Rates	
2012	\$ 2.06	\$ -	\$ 2.06	\$ 0.32	\$ 2.37	\$ 4.75	
2013	2.46	-	2.46	0.33	2.51	5.30	
2014	2.23	-	2.23	0.30	2.39	4.92	
2015	1.93	-	1.93	0.35	2.15	4.43	
2016	1.87	-	1.87	0.33	2.02	4.22	
2017	1.78	-	1.78	0.30	1.93	4.01	
2018	1.65	-	1.65	0.27	1.74	3.66	
2019	1.53	-	1.53	0.46	1.50	3.49	
2020	1.57	-	1.57	0.42	1.57	3.56	
2021	1.64	-	1.64	0.41	1.58	3.63	
2022	1.61	-	1.61	0.40	1.54	3.55	
2023	1.02	0.19	1.21	0.41	2.50	4.12	
2024	1.02	0.19	1.21	0.41	2.50	4.12	
2025	1.00	0.21	1.21	0.41	2.50	4.12	
2026	1.00	0.21	1.21	0.41	2.50	4.12	
2027	0.68	0.32	1.01	0.41	2.50	3.92	
2028	0.68	0.33	1.01	0.41	2.50	3.92	
2029	0.67	0.33	1.01	0.41	2.50	3.92	
2030	0.67	0.34	1.01	0.41	2.50	3.92	
2031	0.67	0.34	1.01	0.41	2.50	3.92	
2032	0.67	0.34	1.01	0.41	2.50	3.92	
2033	0.67	0.34	1.01	0.41	2.50	3.92	
2034	0.67	0.15	0.82	0.41	2.50	3.73	
2035	0.67	0.09	0.76	0.41	2.50	3.67	
2036	0.67	0.09	0.76	0.41	2.50	3.67	
2037	0.46	0.25	0.71	0.41	2.50	3.62	
2038	0.46	0.25	0.71	0.41	2.50	3.62	
2039	-	0.71	0.71	0.41	2.50	3.62	
2040	-	0.71	0.71	0.41	2.50	3.62	
2041	-	0.25	0.25	0.41	2.50	3.16	

PROJECTED LEVY AMOUNTS

- \$250 million bond authorization
- \$2.50/\$1,000 operating levy
- \$.41/\$1,000 technology levy

	Assessed Value				Pro	perty Tax Levies	(\$1,000's)		
	Bond / Capital			Debt Service			Levy Amounts		Total
	Levy Assessed	Growth	Existing	2022	2023	Total	Technology	Operating	District
Year	Value	Rate	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Levy	Levy	Levy
2012	\$18,512,872	-6.48%	\$38,114	\$-	\$-	\$ 38,114	\$ 6,000	\$ 43,800	\$ 87,914
2013	18,190,761	-1.74%	44,667	-	-	44,667	6,000	45,600	96,267
2014	19,732,729	8.48%	44,090	-	-	44,090	6,000	47,100	97,190
2015	22,610,386	14.58%	43,700	-	-	43,700	8,000	48,500	100,200
2016	24,545,946	8.56%	45,900	-	-	45,900	8,000	49,500	103,400
2017	26,278,492	7.06%	46,710	-	-	46,710	8,000	50,620	105,330
2018	29,603,004	12.65%	48,800	-	-	48,800	8,000	51,500	108,300
2019	33,766,354	14.06%	51,720	-	-	51,720	15,509	50,649	117,878
2020	37,043,409	9.71%	57,984	-	-	57,984	15,516	58,089	131,589
2021	37,497,991	1.23%	61,437	-	-	61,437	15,547	59,187	136,170
2022	38,997,910	4.00%	62,978	-	-	62,978	15,500	60,000	138,478
2023	40,557,827	4.00%	41,515	7,690	-	49,205	16,500	101,210	166,915
2024	42,180,140	4.00%	42,888	4,360	3,834	51,081	17,200	105,258	173,540
2025	43,867,345	4.00%	43,931	4,360	4,972	53,263	18,000	109,469	180,731
2026	45,622,039	4.00%	45,756	4,360	5,201	55,317	18,800	113,847	187,964
2027	47,446,921	4.00%	32,351	7,775	7,593	47,719	19,400	118,401	185,520
2028	49,344,797	4.00%	33,496	8,309	7,898	49,702	20,100	123,137	192,939
2029	51,318,589	4.00%	34,558	8,920	8,210	51,688	20,904	128,063	200,655
2030	53,371,333	4.00%	35,667	9,551	8,540	53,758	21,740	133,185	208,683
2031	55,506,186	4.00%	37,093	9,933	8,881	55,907	22,610	138,513	217,029
2032	57,726,434	4.00%	38,568	10,337	9,240	58,145	23,514	144,053	225,712
2033	60,035,491	4.00%	40,140	10,724	9,602	60,466	24,455	149,815	234,736
2034	62,436,911	4.00%	41,713	6,054	3,201	50,968	25,433	155,808	232,209
2035	64,934,387	4.00%	43,398	2,674	3,201	49,273	26,450	162,040	237,763
2036	67,531,762	4.00%	45,131	2,674	3,201	51,006	27,508	168,522	247,036
2037	70,233,033	4.00%	32,132	6,534	11,146	49,812	28,609	175,263	253,683
2038	73,042,354	4.00%	33,420	6,790	11,593	51,803	29,753	182,273	263,829
2039	75,964,048	4.00%	-	41,819	12,055	53,874	30,943	189,564	274,381
2040	79,002,610	4.00%	-	20,020	36,009	56,029	32,181	197,147	285,357
2041	82,162,715	4.00%	-	-	20,800	20,800	33,468	205,032	259,300
		Actual					\$ 70,500	Authorized	
		Projected					Preliminary	Levy Lid	

- \$300 million bond authorization
- \$2.50/\$1,000 operating levy
- \$.41/\$1,000 technology levy



- \$300 million bond authorization
- \$2.50/\$1,000 operating levy
- \$.41/\$1,000 technology levy

Tax Rates								
	Existing	New	Total Technology		Operating	Total		
Year	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Levy	Levy	Tax Rates		
2012	\$ 2.06	\$-	\$ 2.06	\$ 0.32	\$ 2.37	\$ 4.75		
2013	2.46	-	2.46	0.33	2.51	5.30		
2014	2.23	-	2.23	0.30	2.39	4.92		
2015	1.93	-	1.93	0.35	2.15	4.43		
2016	1.87	-	1.87	0.33	2.02	4.22		
2017	1.78	-	1.78	0.30	1.93	4.01		
2018	1.65	-	1.65	0.27	1.74	3.66		
2019	1.53	-	1.53	0.46	1.50	3.49		
2020	1.57	-	1.57	0.42	1.57	3.56		
2021	1.64	-	1.64	0.41	1.58	3.63		
2022	1.61	-	1.61	0.40	1.54	3.55		
2023	1.02	0.22	1.24	0.41	2.50	4.15		
2024	1.02	0.23	1.24	0.41	2.50	4.15		
2025	1.00	0.24	1.24	0.41	2.50	4.15		
2026	1.00	0.24	1.24	0.41	2.50	4.15		
2027	0.68	0.40	1.09	0.41	2.50	4.00		
2028	0.68	0.41	1.09	0.41	2.50	4.00		
2029	0.67	0.41	1.09	0.41	2.50	4.00		
2030	0.67	0.42	1.09	0.41	2.50	4.00		
2031	0.67	0.42	1.09	0.41	2.50	4.00		
2032	0.67	0.42	1.09	0.41	2.50	4.00		
2033	0.67	0.42	1.09	0.41	2.50	4.00		
2034	0.67	0.12	0.79	0.41	2.50	3.70		
2035	0.67	0.12	0.79	0.41	2.50	3.70		
2036	0.67	0.12	0.79	0.41	2.50	3.70		
2037	0.46	0.33	0.79	0.41	2.50	3.70		
2038	0.46	0.33	0.79	0.41	2.50	3.70		
2039	-	0.79	0.79	0.41	2.50	3.70		
2040	-	0.79	0.79	0.41	2.50	3.70		
2041	-	0.25	0.25	0.41	2.50	3.16		

PROJECTED LEVY AMOUNTS

- \$300 million bond authorization
- \$2.50/\$1,000 operating levy
- \$.41/\$1,000 technology levy

	Bond / Capital Levy Assessed Value \$18,512,872 18,190,761 19,732,729 22,610,386 24,545,946	Growth Rate -6.48% -1.74% 8.48%	Existing Bonds \$38,114 44,667	Debt Service 2022 Bonds \$ -	2023 Bonds \$ -	Total Bonds	Levy Amounts Technology Levy	Operating	Total District
Year 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017	Value \$18,512,872 18,190,761 19,732,729 22,610,386 24,545,946	Rate -6.48% -1.74% 8.48%	Bonds \$38,114 44,667	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds			District
2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017	\$18,512,872 18,190,761 19,732,729 22,610,386 24,545,946	-6.48% -1.74% 8.48%	\$38,114 44,667						
2013 2014 2015 2016 2017	18,190,761 19,732,729 22,610,386 24,545,946	-1.74% 8.48%	44,667	\$-	\$ -		Levy	Levy	Levy
2014 2015 2016 2017	19,732,729 22,610,386 24,545,946	8.48%				\$ 38,114	\$ 6,000	\$ 43,800	\$ 87,914
2015 2016 2017	22,610,386 24,545,946			-	-	44,667	6,000	45,600	96,267
2016 2017	24,545,946	44.500/	44,090	-	-	44,090	6,000	47,100	97,190
2017		14.58%	43,700	-	-	43,700	8,000	48,500	100,200
		8.56%	45,900	-	-	45,900	8,000	49,500	103,400
2018	26,278,492	7.06%	46,710	-	-	46,710	8,000	50,620	105,330
	29,603,004	12.65%	48,800	-	-	48,800	8,000	51,500	108,300
2019	33,766,354	14.06%	51,720	-	-	51,720	15,509	50,649	117,878
2020	37,043,409	9.71%	57,984	-	-	57,984	15,516	58,089	131,589
2021	37,497,991	1.23%	61,437	-	-	61,437	15,547	59,187	136,170
2022	38,997,910	4.00%	62,978	-	-	62,978	15,500	60,000	138,478
2023	40,557,827	4.00%	41,515	8,904	-	50,419	16,500	101,210	168,128
2024	42,180,140	4.00%	42,888	5,239	4,323	52,450	17,200	105,258	174,908
2025	43,867,345	4.00%	43,931	5,239	5,410	54,580	18,000	109,469	182,048
2026	45,622,039	4.00%	45,756	5,239	5,690	56,685	18,800	113,847	189,332
2027	47,446,921	4.00%	32,351	10,144	9,017	51,511	19,400	118,401	189,313
2028	49,344,797	4.00%	33,496	10,778	9,373	53,647	20,100	123,137	196,884
2029	51,318,589	4.00%	34,558	11,488	9,751	55,797	20,904	128,063	204,763
2030	53,371,333	4.00%	35,667	12,216	10,145	58,029	21,740	133,185	212,954
2031	55,506,186	4.00%	37,093	12,710	10,546	60,349	22,610	138,513	221,471
2032	57,726,434	4.00%	38,568	13,226	10,968	62,762	23,514	144,053	230,329
2033	60,035,491	4.00%	40,140	13,723	11,408	65,271	24,455	149,815	239,541
2034	62,436,911	4.00%	41,713	3,120	4,620	49,453	25,433	155,808	230,694
2035	64,934,387	4.00%	43,398	3,120	4,912	51,430	26,450	162,040	239,920
2036	67,531,762	4.00%	45,131	3,120	5,236	53,487	27,508	168,522	249,517
2037	70,233,033	4.00%	32,132	9,180	14,315	55,627	28,609	175,263	259,498
2038	73,042,354	4.00%	33,420	9,543	14,888	57,851	29,753	182,273	269,877
2039	75,964,048	4.00%	-	44,686	15,477	60,163	30,943	189,564	280,670
2040	79,002,610	4.00%	-	24,128	38,443	62,571	32,181	197,147	291,898
2041	82,162,715	4.00%	-	-	20,800	20,800	33,468	205,032	259,300
		Actual					\$ 70,500	Authorized	
		Projected					Preliminary	Levy Lid	

KEY DECISION POINTS AND NEXT STEPS

- Refine operating levy amounts / rates
- Define project list and scope
- Refine project costs
- Refine project funding options and taxpayer costs
- Work with bond counsel to draft Election Resolutions
- File the Election Resolutions with the County by December 10, 2021 for a February 2022 election
- Community outreach



- Education Program and Operations levies ("EPO" or "Operating") are collected through a property tax charged at a rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation to each property owner (residential and commercial) within the school district's boundary.
- Generally a "Replacement levy" (not a new tax), even if the amount is increased
- Approved with a simple majority 50% + 1 yes vote, 40% validation.
- EPOs may be run for periods of one four years
- Districts may run a levy only two times per calendar year. Unsuccessful levies may be resubmitted in subsequent years

Source(s) Organization and Financing of WA Public Schools (pages 107-109); Northshore School District FAQs Levies; WA State Dept of Rev Funding Education



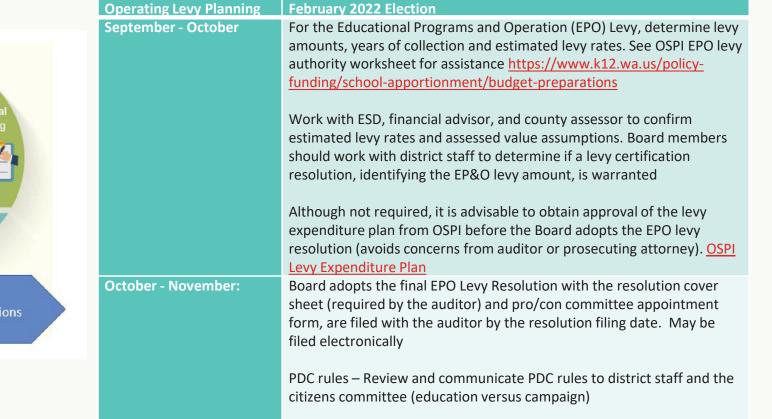
Why do we need the EP&O Levy?

- The levy makes up the difference between the state and federal funding a district receives and the costs to educate students. The levy helps provide funding for basic education not fully funded by the state or federal governments, providing the quality of education that students and families expect.
- Examples of costs covered by EP&O levy funds
 - Smaller class sizes
 - Academic support for high achieving students
 - Academic support and interventions for struggling learners
 - Special Education
 - Transportation
 - Curriculum
 - School resource officers for increased safety
 - School nurses
 - Extra-curricular activities such as music, drama, sports and clubs



- Levy Limits
 - \$2.50/\$1000 assessed value
 - \$2,500 per student (<40,000 FTE students \$3,500 for Seattle)</p>
 - Self-imposed levy rate limit with rollback calculated by the district
 - Can be more difficult to manage since Counties will not rollback automatically. The amount of the levy is approved by the Board in November in a levy certification resolution.







Educational Program and Operations Replacement Levy



OPERATING LEVY PLANNING - CONTINUED



Levy is for Learning Educational Program and Operations Replacement Levy

Operating Levy Planning	February 2022 Election
December 10, 2021:	EPO Levy election resolution filing deadline with the County Auditor. Within one (1) day of receipt, District administration and bond counsel review draft ballot (and notice of special election) as prepared by Auditor. Challenge allowed within 10 days of receipt.
December 2021	Create school district educational communication resources
	Communicate Operating levy planning timeline with Citizens Committee
January 2022	Ongoing Educational Communication to community members - District <i>educational</i> presentations to staff, community forums (adhere to PDC guidelines)
	Citizens for Schools operating levy campaigning (non district property and resources; adhere to PDC guidelines)
January 21, 2022:	Ballots mailed to voters.
January 21 – February 8, 2022	Ongoing Educational Communication to community members - District <i>educational</i> presentations to staff, community forums (adhere to PDC guidelines)
	Citizens for Schools operating levy campaigning (non district property and resources; adhere to PDC guidelines)
February 8, 2022:	ELECTION
February 9, 2022	Post Election results and thank you message to community on the district website.
February 18, 2022:	Election results certified.



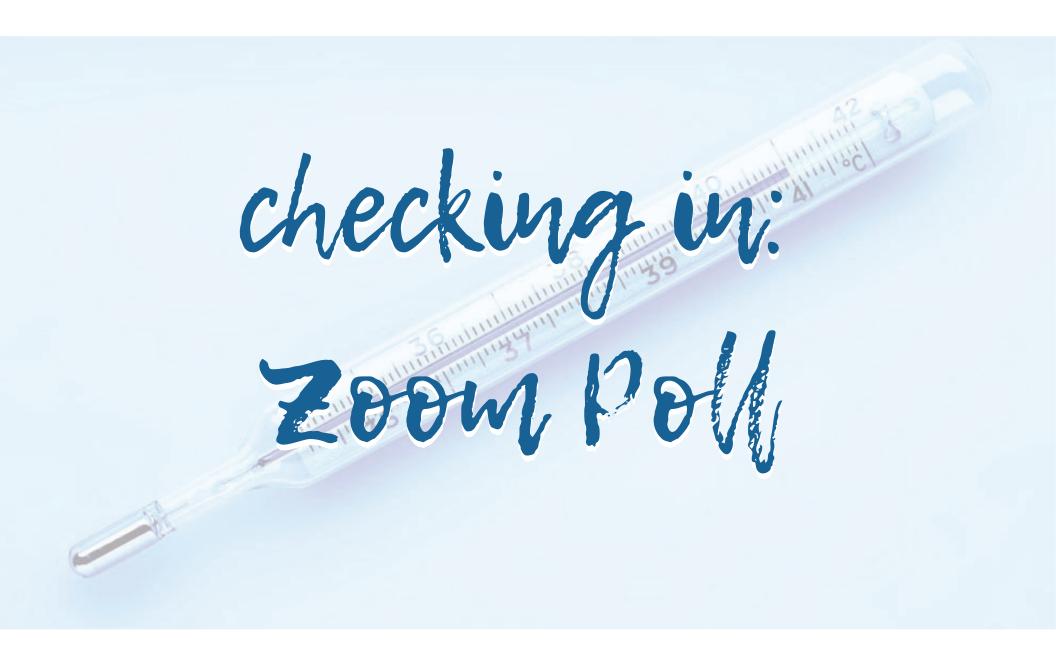
Contact Information:

ESDOO2 FINANCIAL ADVISORY SERVICES Mark Prussing, CPA | Executive Director 2500 NE 65 Avenue, Vancouver, WA 98661 Direct Line (360) 713-3355 | Administration (360) 750-7500 mark.prussing@esd112.org

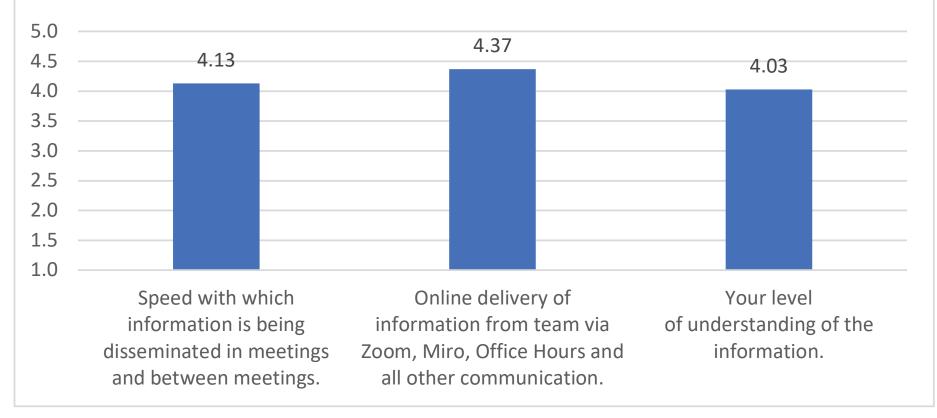


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On a scale of 1 (least satisfied) to 5 (most satisfied), please rate the following:



A word that best describes how you're feeling about NEXT STEPS in the process is:





🔰 Mentimeter

Thank You!

• Northshore

The next meeting is: Monday, May 3, 5:30-7:30 p.m.

Summaries of today's meeting will be sent to each of you and posted to the website.

Please continue to fill out the *"Tell Us About Yourself"* boards.

Optional Office Hours: Wednesday, April 21, 2 - 3:00 p.m.

If you have any questions please contact: Ashley McClaran <u>amcclaran@oacsvcs.com</u> and Steve Murakami <u>smurakami@oacsvcs.com</u>